

Update of the surface water hydrology in the Te Waihora/ Lake Ellesmere Catchment

Dan Clark
Water Resource Scientist

Outline

- Current hydrological monitoring
- Modelling of lowland streams
- Modelling of the drying of the Selwyn River
- Conclusions
- Future work

Legend

- Flow recorder on ECan website
- Flow recorder not on website
- Telemetered lake level recorder

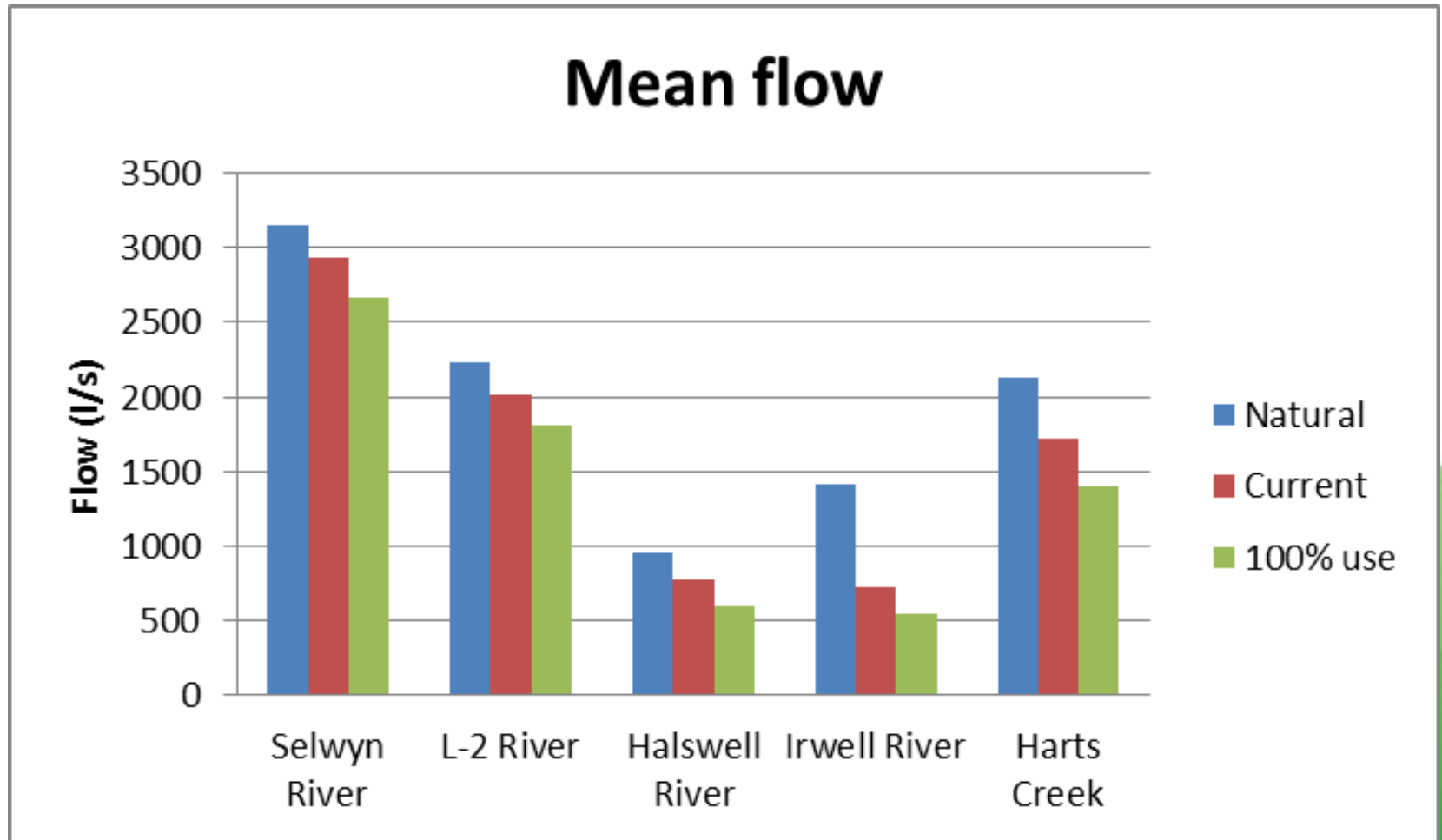


0 2 4 Kilometres

Modelling of lowland streams

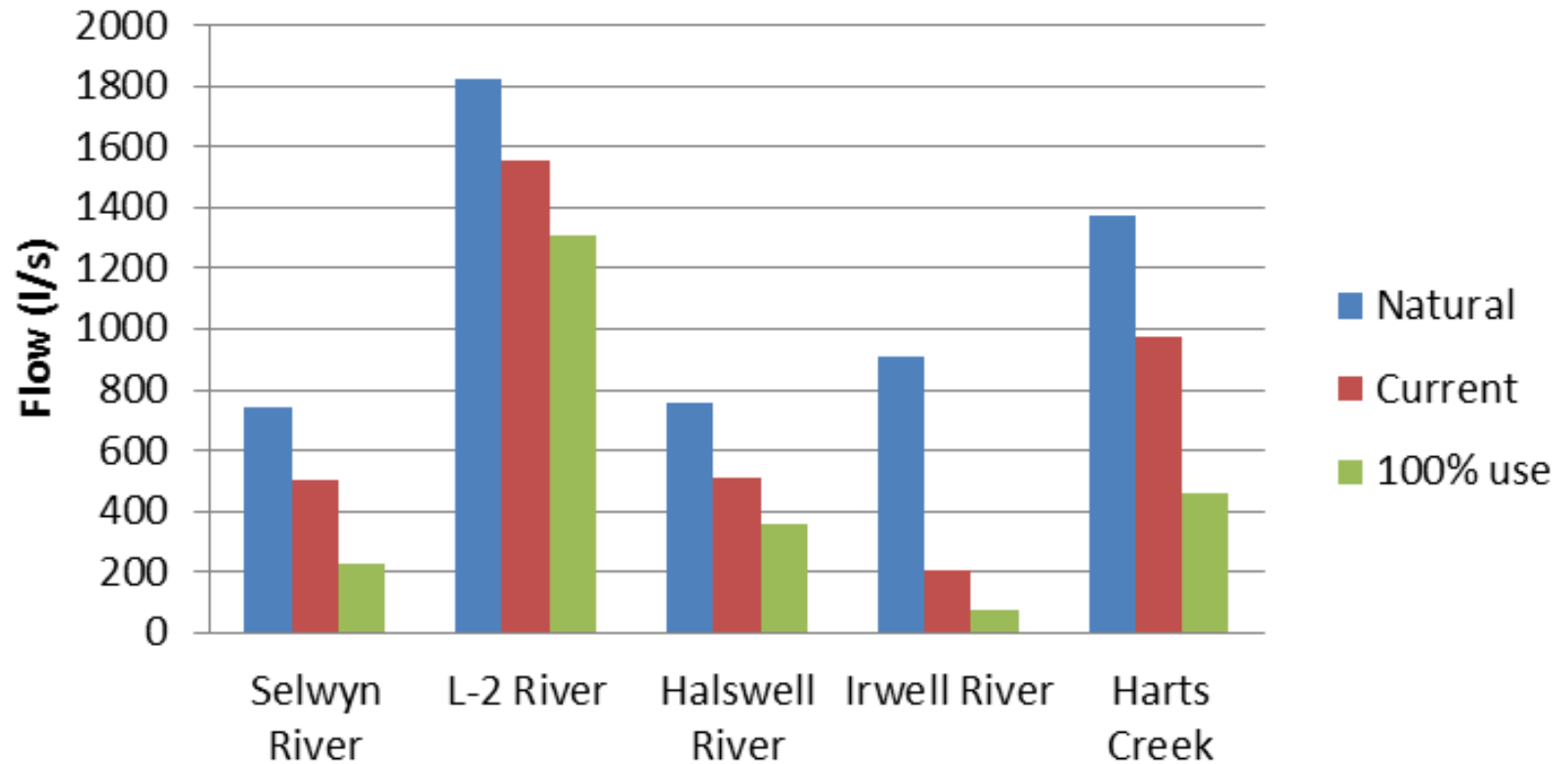
- 5 sites have been modelled
- These represent ~75% of the surface inflow to Te Waihora
- Sites modelled
 - Selwyn River
 - Halswell River
 - L-2 River
 - Harts Creek
 - Irwell River
- 3 scenarios are presented; current, natural and 100% use.

Modelled scenarios for the lowland streams

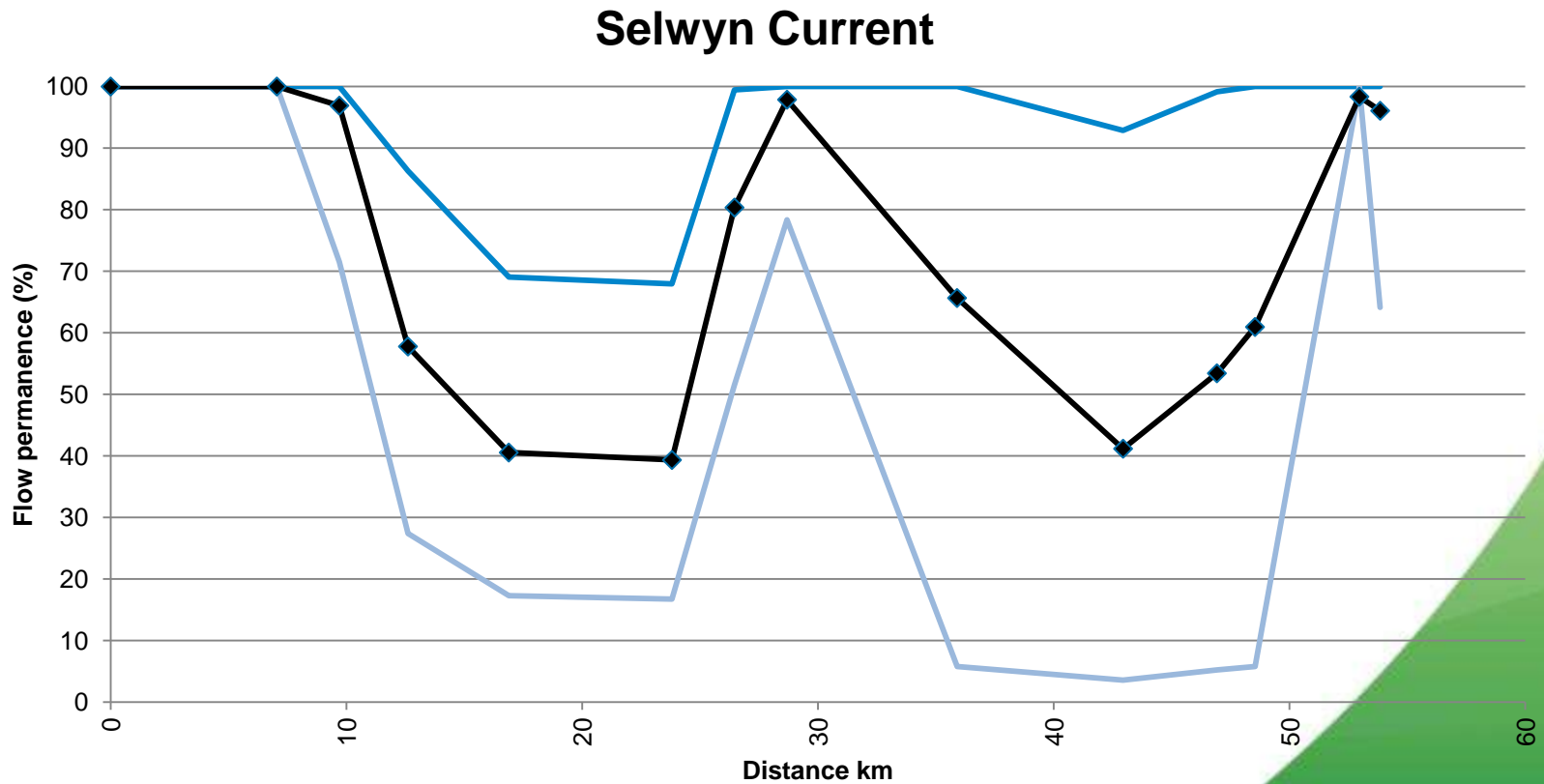


Effects on Low flows

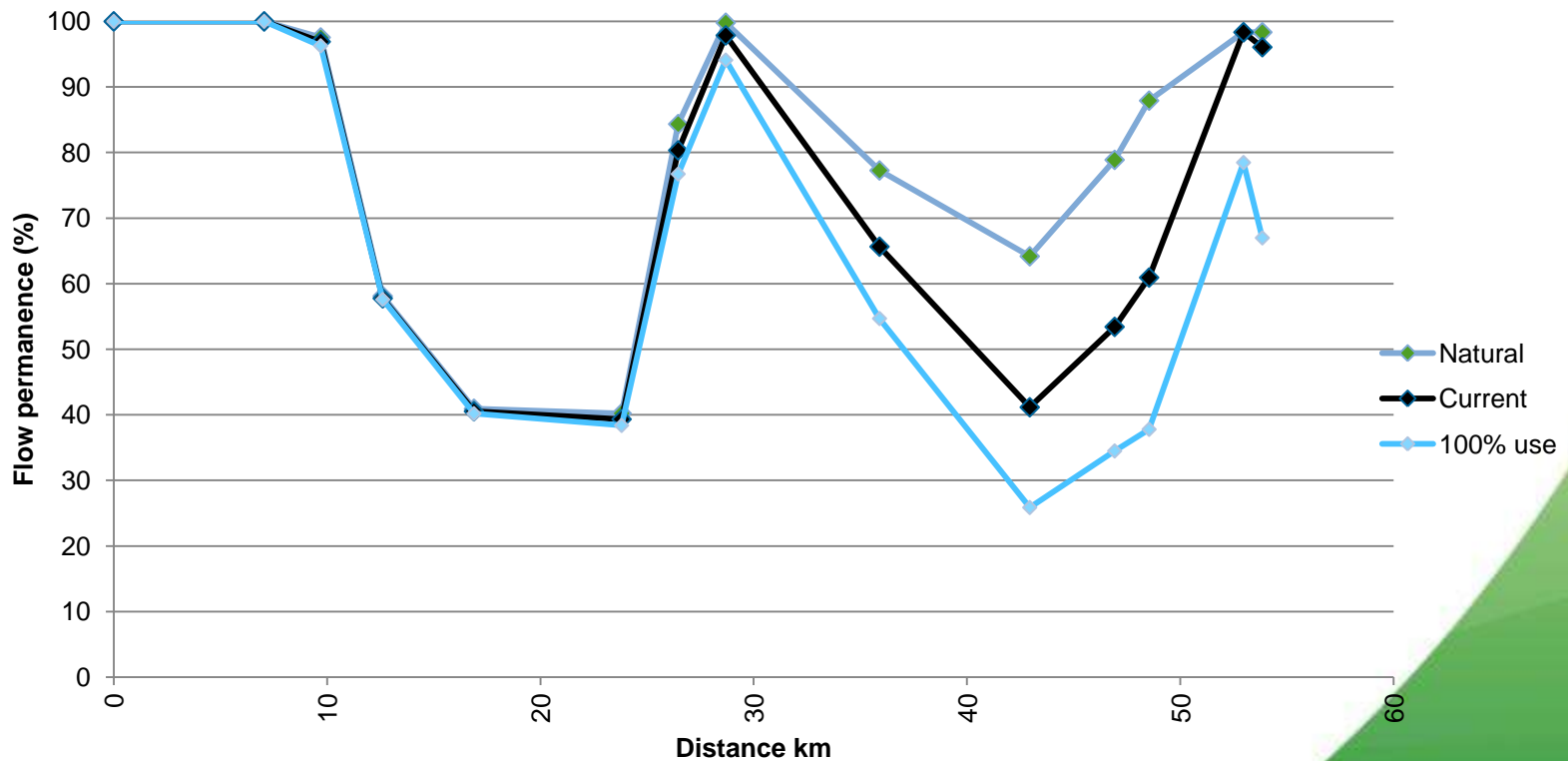
7 day mean annual low flow



Flow permanence in the Selwyn River



Effect of abstraction on flow permanence



Conclusions from surface water modelling

- Current levels of abstraction have effected flows in the tributaries of Te Waihora
- Current use is estimated to be 40-50% of consented abstraction
- Even with no further allocation flows can be reduced by current consent holders using more of their allocation.
- The effect of cumulative groundwater abstraction is large compared to surface water abstraction on some lowland streams and must be accounted for in the management of these.

Future work...

- Scenario modelling, integrating water quantity and quality within the Te Waihora catchment.

Questions?



Basics of the stream modelling

